

OCTOBER 2024 – MARKET REVIEW

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AssetGrade Market Summary – October 2024

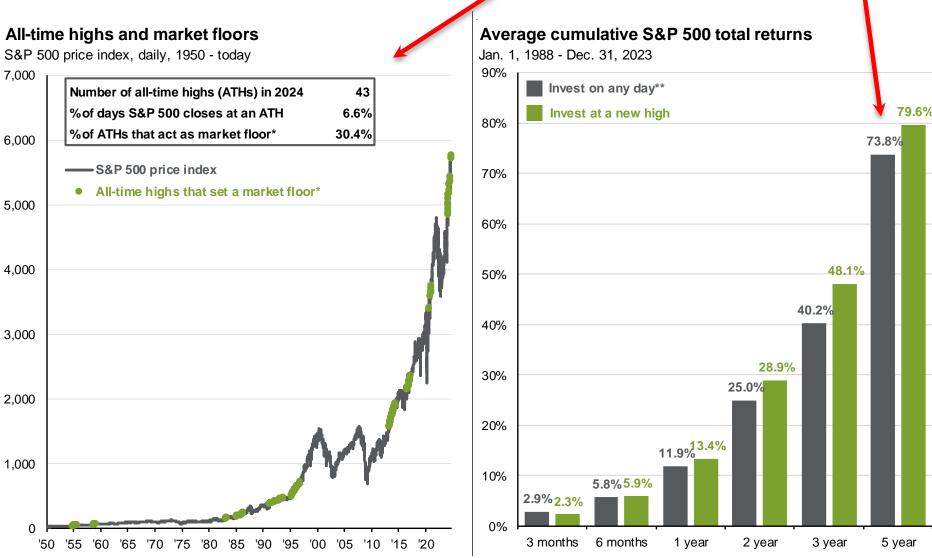
Corporate fundamentals are in good shape, equity markets continue to outperform and bonds should help diversify portfolios

- When investing over a long period of time, remember to stay diversified, be patient, and focus on what's within your control. Following these steps will reward you over time.
- All asset classes, including cash have performed positively year to date in 2024
- CD rates peaked 6 months ago and have since come down. There is an opportunity cost to having too much cash on the sidelines and missing robust equity and fixed income returns.
- The S&P 500 is up 22.1% year to date. 45% of that return is fueled by the "Magnificent 7" stocks: Microsoft, Amazon, Meta, Apple, Alphabet, Nvidia, and Tesla.
- Inflation is on a steady road back to 2.0%. Most components of inflation have fallen, with shelter and auto insurance slowly falling too.



AssetGrade Market Summary Investing at all-time highs

Don't let market highs dissuade you from investing. Average returns over every time period greater then 3 months are higher investing at market highs because they often signal a market floor.



Source: FactSet, Standard & Poor's, J.P. Morgan Asset Management.

(Left) *Market floor is defined as an all-time high from which the market never fell more than 5%. (Right) **"Invest on any day" represents average of forward returns for the entire time period whereas "Invest at a new high" represents average of rolling forward returns calculated from each new S&P 500 high for the

returns for the entire time period whereas "Invest at a new high" represents average of rolling forward returns calculated from each new S&P 500 high for the subsequent 3-months, 6-months, 1-year, 2-year and 3-year intervals, with data starting 1/1/1988 through 12/31/2023.

Guide to the Markets – U.S. Data are as of September 30, 2024.



AssetGrade Market Summary Asset class returns

All asset classes, including cash, have posted positive returns year to date.

2009	-2023																
Ann.	Vol.	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	YTD
Large Cap 14.0%	Small Cap 21.9%	EM Equity 79.0%	R⊟Ts 27.9%	R⊟Ts 8.3%	R⊟Ts 19.7%	Small Cap 38.8%	R⊟Ts 28.0%	R⊟Ts 2.8%	Small Cap 21.3%	EM Equity 37.8%	Cash 1.8%	Large Cap 31.5%	Small Cap 20.0%	R⊟Ts 41.3%	Comdty.	Large Cap 26.3%	Large Cap 22.1%
Small Cap	REITS	High Yield	Sm all Cap	Fixed Income	High Yield	Large Cap	Large Cap	Large Cap	High Yield	DM Equity	Fixed Income	REITs	EM Equity	Large Cap	Cash	DM Equity	EM Equity
11.3% REITs	21.2% EM Equity 20.3%	59.4% DM Equity 32.5%	26.9% EM Equity 19.2%	7.8% High Yield 3.1%	19.6% EM Equity 18.6%	32.4% DM Equity 23.3%	Fixed Income 6.0%	1.4% Fixed Income 0.5%	14.3% Large Cap 12.0%	25.6% Large Cap 21.8%	0.0% R⊟Ts -4.0%	28.7% Small Cap 25.5%	18.7% Large Cap 18.4%	28.7% Comdty. 27.1%	1.5% High Yield -12.7%	18.9% Sm all Cap 16.9%	17.2% REITs 14.2%
High Yield 8.6%	DM Equity 18.4%	RETs 28.0%	Comdty.	Large Cap 2.1%	DM Equity 17.9%	Asset All c. 14/9%	Asset All&. 5.2%	0.5% Cash 0.0%	Comdty.	Sm all Cap 14.6%	High Yield -4.1%	DM Equity 22.7%	Asset All 0s.	Sm all Cap 14.8%	Fixed Income	Asset All c. 14.1%	DM Equity 13.5%
Asset Alloc. 8.1%	Comdty. 16.6%	Small Cap 27.2%	Large Cap 15.1%	Cash 0.1%	Small Cap 16.3%	High Yield 7.3%	Small Cap 4.9%	DM Equity -0.4%	EM Equity 11.6%	Asset Allos. 14.6%	Large Cap -4.4%	Asset All c. 19.5%	DM Equity 8.3%	Asset Allec. 13.5%	Asset Allec. -13.9%	High Yield 14.0%	Asset Alloc. 12.3%
DM Equity 7.4%	Large Cap 16.1%	Large Cap 26.5%	High Yield 14.8%	Asset Allec.	Large Cap 16.0%	R⊟Ts 2.9%	Cash 0.0%	Asset Alloc. -2.0%	R⊟Ts 8.6% /	High Yield 10.4%	Asset Alloc. -5.8%	EM Equity 18.9%	Fixed Income 7.5%	DM Equity 11.8%	DM Equity -14.0%	REITs 11.4%	Small Cap 11.2%
EM Equity 6.9%	High Yield 11.5%	Asset Al l⊕c. 25.0%	Asset Aleoc. 13.3%	Small Cap -4.2%	Asset Allec. 12.2%	Cash 0.0%	High Yield 0.0%	High Yield -2.7%	Asset Alloc. 8.3%	R⊟Ts 8.7%	Sm all Cap -11.0%	High Yield 12.6%	High Yield 7.0%	High Yield 1.0%	Large Cap -18.1%	EM Equity 10.3%	High Yield 9.6%
Fixed Income 2.7%	Asset Alloc. 11.5%	Comdty. 18.9%	DM Equity 8.2%	DM Equity -11.7%	Fixed Income 4.2%	Fixed Income -2.0%	EM Equity -1.8%	Sm all Cap -4.4%	Fixed Income 2.6%	Fixed Income 3.5%	Comdty.	Fixed Income 8.7%	Cash 0.5%	Cash 0.0%	EM Equity -19.7%	Fixed Income 5.5%	Comdty. 5.9%
Cash 0.8%	Fixed Income 4.5%	Fixed Income 5.9%	Fixed Income 6.5%	Comdty.	Cash 0.1%	EM Equity -2.3%	DM Equity -4.5%	EM Equity -14.6%	DM Equity 1.5%	Comdty.	DM Equity -13.4%	Com dty. 7.7%	Comdty. -3.1%	Fixed Income -1.5%	Small Cap -20.4%	Cash 5.1%	Fixed Income 4.4%
Comdty.	Cash 0.7%	Cash 0.1%	Cash 0.1%	EM Equity -18.2%	Comdty. -1.1%	Comdty. -9.5%	Comdty. -17.0%	Comdty.	Cash 0.3%	Cash 0.8%	EM Equity -14.2%	Cash 2.2%	R⊟Ts -5.1%	EM Equity -2.2%	R⊟Ts -24.9%	Comdty. -7.9%	Cash 4.1%

Source: Bloomberg, FactSet, MSCI, NAREIT, Russell, Standard & Poor's, J.P. Morgan Asset Management.

Large cap: S&P 500, Small cap: Russell 2000, EM Equity: MSCI EME, DM Equity: MSCI EAFE, Comdty: Bloomberg Commodity Index, High Yield: Bloomberg Global HY Index, Fixed Income: Bloomberg US Aggregate, REITs: NAREIT Equity REIT Index, Cash: Bloomberg 1-3m Treasury. The "Asset Allocation" portfolio assumes the following weights: 25% in the S&P 500, 10% in the Russell 2000, 15% in the MSCI EAFE, 5% in the MSCI EME, 25% in the Bloomberg US Aggregate, 5% in the Bloomberg 1-3m Treasury, 5% in the Bloomberg Global High Yield Index, 5% in the Bloomberg Global High Yield Index, 5% in the Bloomberg Global High Yield Index, 5% in the Bloomberg Us Aggregate, 5% in the Bloomberg Global High Yield Index, 5% in the Bloomberg Commodity Index and 5% in the Bloomberg Global High Yield Index, 5% in the Bloomberg Global High Yield Index, 5% in the Bloomberg Commodity Index and 5% in the Bloomberg Commodity In





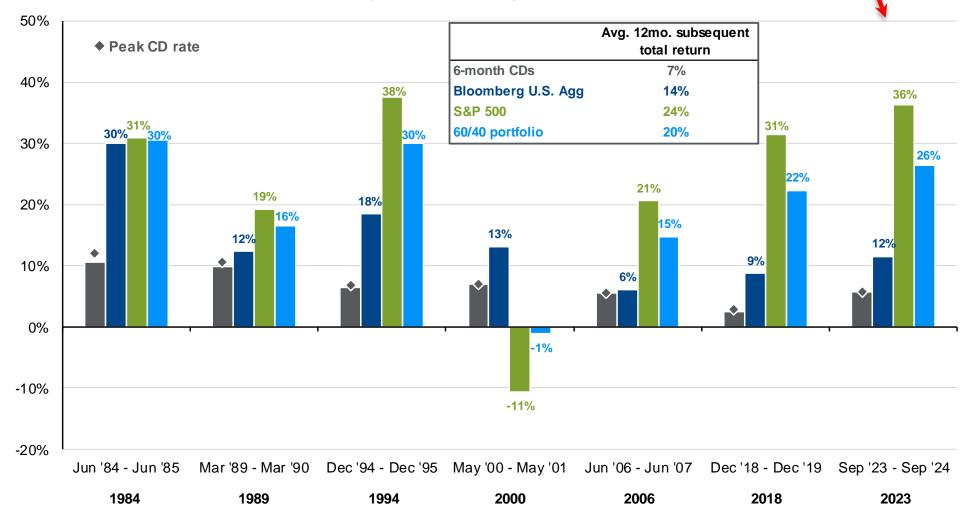
AssetGrade Market Summary CD rates and other investment opportunities

CD rates peaked 6-months ago.

There is an opportunity cost for having too much cash on the sidelines.

Investment opportunities outside of CDs

Peak 6-month certificate of deposit (CD) rate during previous rate hiking cycles and subsequent 12-month total returns



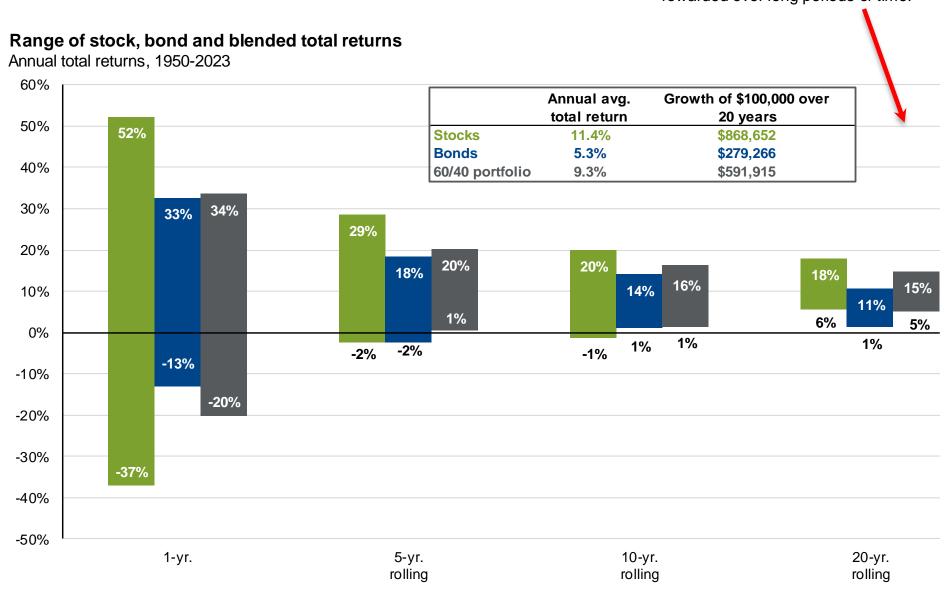
Source: Bloomberg, FactSet, Federal Reserve, Standard & Poor's, J.P. Morgan Asset Management.

The 60/40 portfolio is 60% invested in S&P 500 Total Return Index and 40% invested in Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Total Return Index. The analysis references the month in which the month-end 6-month CD rate peaked during previous rate hiking cycles. CD rate data prior to 2013 are sourced from the Federal Reserve, whereas data from 2013 to 2023 are sourced from Bloomberg. CD subsequent 12-month return calculation assumes reinvestment at the prevailing 6-month rate when the initial CD matures.



AssetGrade Market Summary Time, diversification and the volatility of returns

Patient and diversified investors are rewarded over long periods of time.

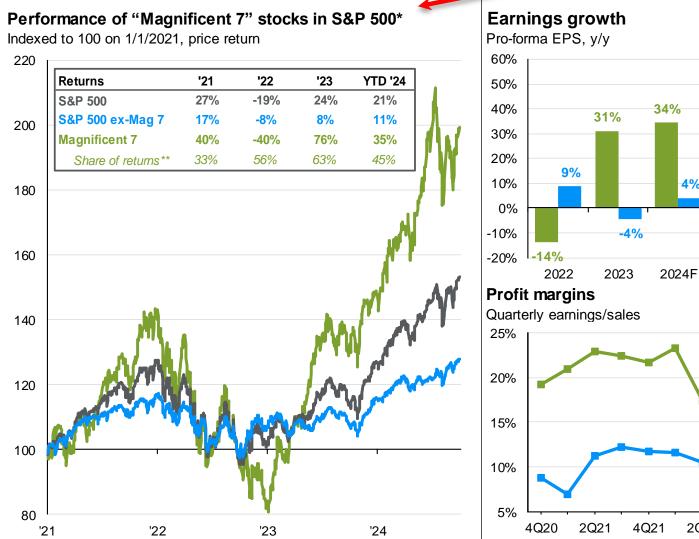


Source: Bloomberg, FactSet, Federal Reserve, Robert Shiller, Standard & Poor's, Strategas/Ibbotson, J.P. Morgan Asset Management.
Returns shown are based on calendar year returns from 1950 to 2023. Stocks represent the S&P 500 Shiller Composite for periods prior to 1936 and the S&P 500 thereafter. Bonds represent Strategas/Ibbotson for periods prior to 1976 and the Bloomberg Aggregate thereafter. Growth of \$100,000 is based on annual average total returns from 1950 to 2023.



AssetGrade Market Summary Magnificent 7 performance and earnings dynamics

Relative to 2023, the "Magnificent 7's" share of the S&P 500 Index return is decreasing, albeit still high.



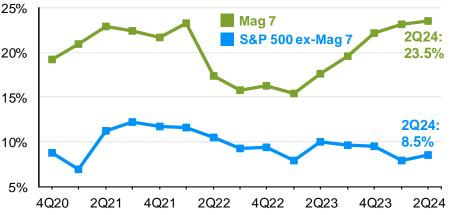
50% Mag 7 **S&P 500 ex-Mag 7** 34% 21% 20% 6%

-2%

2Q24

1Q24

4%



Source: FactSet, Standard & Poor's, J.P. Morgan Asset Management.

Guide to the Markets - U.S. Data are as of September 30, 2024.



0%

4Q24F

3Q24F

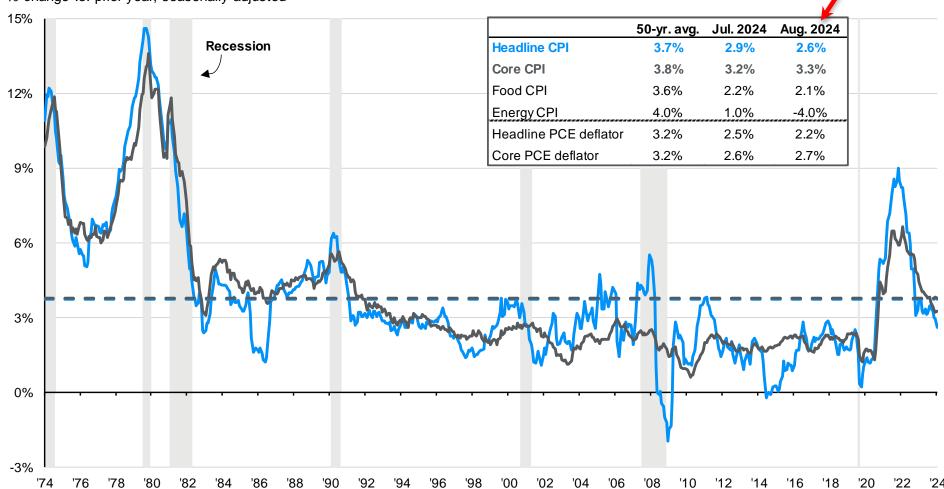
^{*}Magnificent 7 includes AAPL, AMZN, GOOG, GOOGL, META, MSFT, NVDA and TSLA. Earnings estimates for 2024 are forecasts based on consensus analyst expectations. **Share of returns represent how much each group contributed to the overall return. Numbers are always positive despite negative performance in

AssetGrade Market Summary Inflation

Inflation is on a steady path back to 2%. A major drop in energy prices has translated into lower prices at the pump.

CPI and core CPI

% change vs. prior year, seasonally adjusted



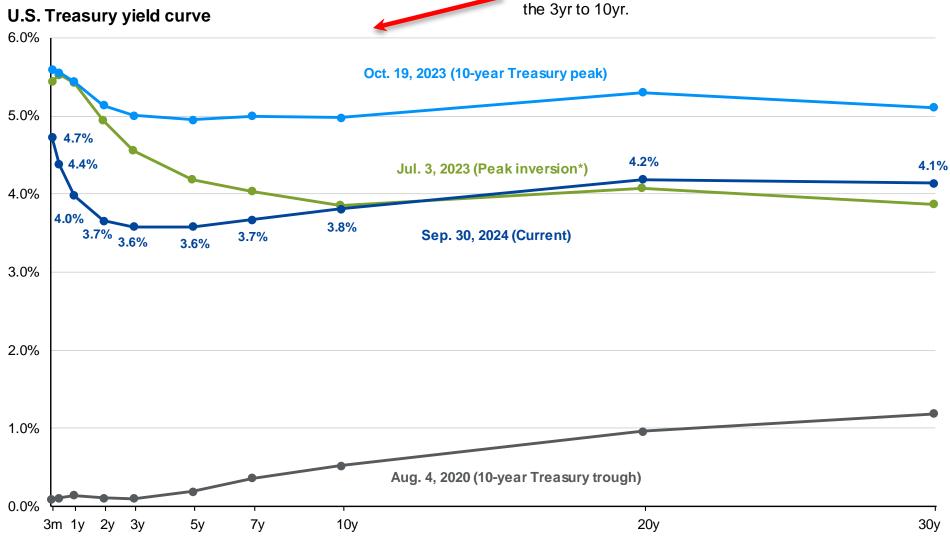
Source: BLS, FactSet, J.P. Morgan Asset Management.

CPI used is CPI-U and values shown are % change vs. one year ago. Core CPI is defined as CPI excluding food and energy prices. The Personal Consumption Expenditure (PCE) deflator employs an evolving chain-weighted basket of consumer expenditures instead of the fixed-weight basket used in CPI calculations. *Guide to the Markets – U.S.* Data are as of September 30, 2024.



AssetGrade Market Summary Yield curve

Yield curves allow fixed-income investors to compare similar Treasury investments with different maturities, as a means to balance risk-reward. The yield curve remains inverted at the short-end, and is flattening out and turning positive between the 3vr to 10vr.



Source: FactSet, Federal Reserve, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. Analysis references data back to 2020. *Peak inversion is measured by the spread between the yield on a 10-year Treasury and 2-year Treasury.

Guide to the Markets – U.S. Data are as of September 30, 2024.



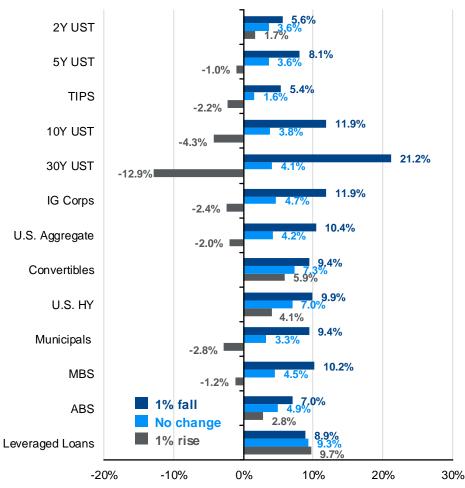
AssetGrade Market Summary Fixed income market dynamics

With the exception of the 30-year Treasury, we've seen a drop in yields across the board since the start of 2023. There is an inverse relationship between bond yields and prices, this drop in yields has translated into improved performance for bonds.

	Yield		Return			
U.S. Treasuries	9/30/2024	12/31/2023	2024 YTD	Avg. Maturity	Correlation to 10-year	Correlation to S&P 500
2-Year	3.66%	4.23%	3.99%	2 years	0.75	0.00
5-Year	3.58%	3.84%	3.99%	5	0.94	-0.03
TIPS	1.56%	1.72%	4.85%	7.4	0.73	0.33
10-Year	3.81%	3.88%	3.65%	10	1.00	-0.08
30-Year	4.14%	4.03%	1.42%	30	0.93	-0.12
Sector						
U.S. Aggregate	4.23%	4.53%	4.45%	8.4	0.89	0.24
IG Corps	4.72%	5.06%	5.32%	10.9	0.68	0.46
Convertibles	7.28%	7.26%	8.11%	-	-0.06	0.86
U.S. HY	6.99%	7.59%	8.00%	4.8	0.06	0.78
Municipals	3.32%	3.22%	2.30%	13.6	0.71	0.25
MBS	4.53%	4.68%	4.50%	7.0	0.81	0.25
ABS	4.93%	5.65%	6.12%	2.4	0.38	0.23
Leveraged Loans	9.33%	10.59%	6.76%	4.6	-0.24	0.61

Fixed income returns in different interest rate scenarios

Total return, assumes a parallel shift in the yield curve

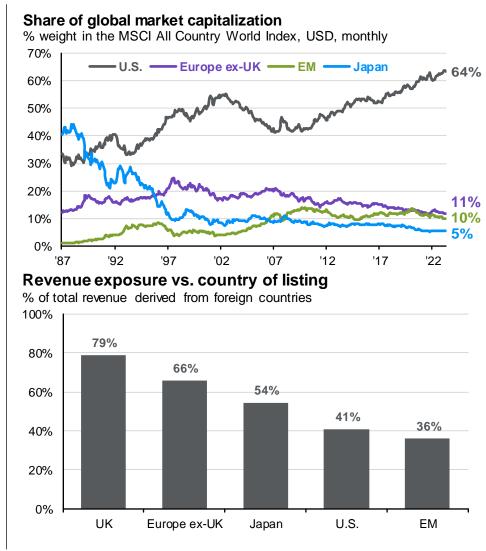


Source: Bloomberg, FactSet, Standard & Poor's, U.S. Treasury, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. Sectors shown above are provided by Bloomberg unless otherwise noted and are represented by – U.S. Aggregate; MBS: U.S. Aggregate Securitized - MBS; ABS: J.P. Morgan ABS Index; IG Corporates: U.S. Corporates; Municipals: Muni Bond; High Yield: Corporate High Yield; Leveraged Loans: J.P. Morgan Leveraged Loan Index; TIPS: Treasury Inflation-Protected Securities; Convertibles: U.S. Convertibles Composite. Convertibles yield is as of most recent month-end and is based on U.S. portion of Bloomberg Global Convertibles Index. Yield and return information based on bellwethers for Treasury securities. Yields shown for TIPS are real yields. Sector yields reflect yield-to-worst. Leveraged loan yields reflect the yield to 3Y takeout. Correlations are based on 15-years of monthly returns for all sectors. ABS returns prior to June 2012 are sourced from Bloomberg. Past performance is not indicative of future results.



AssetGrade Market Summary Global equity markets

Returns	YTD	2024	20:	23	15-years		
	Local	USD	Local	USD	Ann.	Beta	
Regions							
U.S. (S&P 500)	-	22.1	-	26.3	14.1	1.0	
AC World ex-U.S.	14.7	14.7	14.7	16.2	6.0	1.0	
EAFE	12.5	13.5	16.8	18.9	6.5	1.0	
Europe ex-UK	12.1	12.8	17.3	22.7	6.9	1.1	
Emerging markets	18.7	17.2	10.3	10.3	4.5	1.0	
Selected Countries							
Japan	14.4	12.7	29.0	20.8	6.4	0.7	
United Kingdom	9.7	15.4	7.7	14.1	5.8	1.0	
France	5.1	6.2	18.1	22.3	6.7	1.2	
Canada	17.4	14.6	13.3	16.4	6.4	1.1	
Germany	16.5	17.7	19.8	24.0	6.2	1.3	
China	28.8	29.6	-10.6	-11.0	3.7	0.9	
Taiwan	34.7	30.6	31.1	31.3	12.3	1.0	
India	26.7	25.8	22.0	21.3	8.2	0.9	
Brazil	-1.5	-12.6	22.7	33.4	-0.3	1.3	



Source: FactSet, MSCI, Standard & Poor's, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. (Left) All return values are MSCI Total Return Index (Gross) data. 15-year history based on USD returns. 15-year return and beta figures are calculated using a rolling 12-month time period ending with the previous month-end. Beta is for monthly returns relative to the MSCI All Country World Index. Annualized volatility is calculated as the standard deviation of quarterly returns multiplied by the square root of four. Chart is for illustrative purposes only. Please see disclosure page for index definitions. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of current and future results. (Bottom right) Revenue exposure data are as of the previous quarter-end.

Guide to the Markets – U.S. Data are as of September 30, 2024.



Appendix



Disclosures

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All indexes are unmanaged, and an individual cannot invest directly in an index. Index returns do not include fees or expenses.

Equities:

The Dow Jones Industrial Average is a price-weighted average of 30 actively traded blue-chip U.S. stocks.

The MSCI ACWI (All Country World Index) is a free float-adjusted market capitalization weighted index that is designed to measure the equity market performance of developed and emerging markets.

The MSCI EAFE Index(Europe, Australasia, Far East) is a free float-adjusted market capitalization index that is designed to measure the equity market performance of developed markets, excluding the US & Canada.

The MSCI Emerging Markets Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization index that is designed to measure equity market performance in the global emerging markets.

The MSCI Europe Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization index that is designed to measure developed market equity performance in Europe.

The MSCI Pacific Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization index that is designed to measure equity market performance in the Pacific region.

The Russell 1000 Index® measures the performance of the 1,000 largest companies in the Russell 3000.

The Russell 1000 Growth Index® measures the performance of those Russell 1000 companies with higher price-to-book ratios and higher forecasted growth values.

The Russell 1000 Value Index® measures the performance of those Russell 1000 companies with lower price-to-book ratios and lower forecasted growth values.

The Russell 2000 Index® measures the performance of the 2,000 smallest companies in the Russell 3000 Index.

The Russell 2000 Growth Index® measures the performance of those Russell 2000 companies with higher price-to-book ratios and higher forecasted growth values.

The Russell 2000 Value Index® measures the performance of those Russell 2000 companies with lower price-to-book ratios and lower forecasted growth values.

The Russell 3000 Index® measures the performance of the 3,000 largest U.S. companies based on total market capitalization.

The Russell Midcap Index® measures the performance of the 800 smallest companies in the Russell 1000 Index.

The Russell Midcap Growth Index ® measures the performance of those Russell Midcap companies with higher price-to-book ratios and higher forecasted growth values. The stocks are also members of the Russell 1000 Growth index.

The Russell Midcap Value Index ® measures the performance of those Russell Midcap companies with lower price-to-book ratios and lower forecasted growth values. The stocks are also members of the Russell 1000 Value index.

The **S&P 500 Index** is widely regarded as the best single gauge of the U.S. equities market. The index includes a representative sample of 500 leading companies in leading industries of the U.S. economy. The **S&P 500 Index** focuses on the large-cap segment of the market; however, since it includes a significant portion of the total value of the market, it also represents the market.

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Disclosures

Fixed income:

The **Bloomberg Barclays 1-3 Month U.S. Treasury Bill Index** includes all publicly issued zero-coupon US Treasury Bills that have a remaining maturity of less than 3 months and more than 1 month, are rated investment grade, and have \$250 million or more of outstanding face value. In addition, the securities must be denominated in U.S. dollars and must be fixed rate and non convertible.

The **Bloomberg Barclays Global High Yield Index** is a multi-currency flagship measure of the global high yield debt market. The index represents the union of the US High Yield, the Pan-European High Yield, and Emerging Markets (EM) Hard Currency High Yield Indices. The high yield and emerging markets sub-components are mutually exclusive. Until January 1, 2011, the index also included CMBS high yield securities.

The **Bloomberg Barclays Municipal Index**: consists of a broad selection of investment-grade general obligation and revenue bonds of maturities ranging from one year to 30 years. It is an unmanaged index representative of the tax-exempt bond market.

The Bloomberg Barclays US Dollar Floating Rate Note (FRN) Index provides a measure of the U.S. dollar denominated floating rate note market.

The **Bloomberg Barclays US Corporate Investment Grade Index** is an unmanaged index consisting of publicly issued US Corporate and specified foreign debentures and secured notes that are rated investment grade (Baa3/BBB or higher) by at least two ratings agencies, have at least one year to final maturity and have at least \$250 million par amount outstanding. To qualify, bonds must be SEC- registered.

The **Bloomberg Barclays US High Yield Index** covers the universe of fixed rate, non-investment grade debt. Eurobonds and debt issues from countries designated as emerging markets (sovereign rating of Baa1/BBB+/BBB+ and below using the middle of Moody's, S&P, and Fitch) are excluded, but Canadian and global bonds (SEC registered) of issuers in non-EMG countries are included.

The Bloomberg Barclays US Mortgage Backed Securities Index is an unmanaged index that measures the performance of investment grade fixed-rate mortgage backed pass-through securities of GNMA, FNMA and FHLMC.

The Bloomberg Barclays US TIPS Index consists of Inflation-Protection securities issued by the U.S. Treasury.

The J.P. Morgan Emerging Market Bond Global Index(EMBI)includes U.S. dollar denominated Brady bonds, Eurobonds, traded loans and local market debt instruments issued by sovereign and quasi-sovereign entities.

The J.P. Morgan Domestic High Yield Index is designed to mirror the investable universe of the U.S. dollar domestic high yield corporate debt market.

The J.P. Morgan Corporate Emerging Markets Bond Index Broad Diversified (CEMBI Broad Diversified) is an expansion of the J.P. Morgan Corporate Emerging Markets Bond Index (CEMBI). The CEMBI is a market capitalization weighted index consisting of U.S. dollar denominated emerging market corporate bonds.

The J.P. Morgan Emerging Markets Bond Index Global Diversified (EMBI Global Diversified) tracks total returns for U.S. dollar-denominated debt instruments issued by emerging market sovereign and quasi-sovereign entities: Brady bonds, loans, Eurobonds. The index limits the exposure of some of the larger countries.

The J.P. Morgan GBI EM Global Diversified tracks the performance of local currency debt issued by emerging market governments, whose debt is accessible by most of the international investor base.

Other asset classes: The Alerian MLP Index is a composite of the 50 most prominent energy Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs) that provides investors with an unbiased, comprehensive benchmark for the asset class. The Bloomberg Commodity Index and related sub-indices are composed of futures contracts on physical commodities and represents twenty two separate commodities traded on U.S. exchanges, with the exception of aluminum, nickel, and zinc. The Cambridge Associates U.S. Global Buyout and Growth Index® is based on data compiled from 1,768 global (U.S. & ex — U.S.) buyout and growth equity funds, including fully liquidated partnerships, formed between 1986 and 2013. The CS/Tremont Hedge Fund Index is compiled by Credit Suisses Tremont Index, LLC. It is an asset-weighted hedge fund index and index and exposed to separate accounts. The Index uses the Credit Suisse/Tremont database, which tracks over 4500 funds, and consists only of funds with a minimum of US\$50 million under management, a 12-month track record, and audited financial statements. It is calculated and rebalanced on a monthly basis, and shown net of all performance fees and expenses. It is the exclusive property of Credit Suisse Tremont Index, LLC. The HFRI Monthly Indices (HFRI) are equally weighted performance indexes, utilized by numerous hedge fund managers as a benchmark for their own hedge funds. The HFRI are broken down into 4 main strategies, each with multiple sub strategies. All single-manager HFRI Index constituents are included in the HFRI Fund Weighted Composite, which accounts for over 2200 funds listed on the internal HFR Database. The NAREIT EQUITY REIT Index is designed to provide the most comprehensive assessment of overall industry performance and includes all tax-qualified real estate investment trusts (REITs) that are listed on the NYSE, the American Stock Exchange or the NASDAQ National Market List. The NFI-ODCE, short for NCREIF Fund Index - Open End Diversified Core Equity, is an index of investment returns reporting on both h

The U.S. Treasury Index is a component of the U.S. Government index.

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